

Charity number: 236852

John Laing Charitable Trust

Report and financial statements
For the year ended 31 December 2022

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Reference and administrative information

For the year ended 31 December 2022

Charity number 236852

Country of registration

England & Wales

Registered office

33 Bunn's Lane

and operational

London NW7 2DX

address

TWI ZDX

Trustees Sir John Martin K Laing

Chairman

Christopher M Laing

Lynette G Krige

Christopher B Waples Alexandra C B J Gregory

Stewart C K Laing Timothy G Foster

Key management

personnel

Helen Parker Trust Director

Bankers HSBC Bank plc

101-103 Station Road

Edgware Middlesex HA8 7JJ

Investment Manager Charles Stanley

55 Bishopsgate

London EC2N 3AS

Solicitors

Bates Wells

10 Queen Street Place

London EC4R 1BE

Auditor

Sayer Vincent LLP

Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditor

Invicta House

108-114 Golden Lane

London EC1Y 0TL

Trustees' annual report

For the year ended 31 December 2022

The Trustees present their report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2022.

Reference and administrative information set out on page 1 forms part of this report. The financial statements comply with current statutory requirements, the memorandum and articles of association, the requirements of a directors' report as required under company law, and the Statement of Recommended Practice – Accounting and Reporting by Charities: SORP applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with FRS 102.

Objectives and activities

The Trustees review the aims, objectives and activities of the Trust each year. This report looks at what the Trust has achieved and the outcomes of its work in the reporting period. The Trustees report the success of each key activity and the benefits the Trust has brought to those groups of people that it helps. The review also helps the Trustees ensure the Trust's aims, objectives and activities remained focused on its stated purpose.

Purpose and aims

The John Laing Charitable Trust exists to provide for hardship to qualifying former and existing staff of John Laing (the "Company") and to make grants for the benefit of the public as shall be exclusively charitable. The Trustees, from time to time, may determine the Trust purpose and aims in their absolute discretion and with regard to the guidance published by the Charity Commission under section 4of the Charities Act 2011.

Through grant-making, the Trust aims to improve the quality of life of its beneficiaries. During the year, Trustees reviewed the Strategic Priorities for grant-making to provide greater clarity. The overall strategy and objectives remain unchanged to achieve the Trust's:

Mission

'To care for the welfare of existing and former employees of John Laing and to work with others in the community to improve the lives of those in need.'

Core Values

Community: We believe in encouraging initiatives by those living and working in the community to strengthen their communities by enabling and supporting those in need.

Opportunity: We believe that all people should have the opportunity to develop their full potential and contribute to society.

Compassion: We recognise the Christian values of our founder in addressing the suffering and misfortune of others.

For the year ended 31 December 2022

Social Responsibility: We embrace the ethics of social responsibility in all of our activities, respecting the welfare of individuals, communities and the environment.

The principal activities of the Trust

Welfare: In recognition of the Trust Deed, the Trustees consider that the welfare of former and current employees of the Company should be the first priority of the Trust. This is managed through a dedicated team of Welfare Officers who carry out planned, targeted and prioritised visits firstly to those previously identified as being in financial need, secondly to those former employees that are over 75 years of age, and thirdly, where time permits to more general visits to pensioners. Where applicable, Welfare Officers may recommend financial assistance. Hardship payments are also available to existing staff and applications are assessed by the Trust Director.

Grant-making: The Trustees in their discretion make grants to charitable organisations and have currently placed a priority on the concerns of Homelessness, Young People, Skills & Education and Community. The Trustees will adapt its grant-making to be able to respond to emergencies arising from natural disasters or other crisis.

The Trust also supports the charitable activities of John Laing including its engagement in the communities where the Company operates both in the United Kingdom and overseas. The Trust also supports a number of the Company's annual staff initiatives by way of matching their fundraising efforts (the "Staff Matching" scheme) up to the value of £1,500 per individual event; making a £1,000 grant to charitable or not for profit organisations where staff and/or their immediate family are actively involved in (the "Make a Difference" scheme); donations to chosen charitable organisations nominated by staff who are being recognised for their long service and exemplar contribution to the Company.

Structure, governance and management

The John Laing Charitable Trust (the "Trust") is governed by the Deed of the Trust dated 21 December 1962 as modified by a number of supplemental deeds (the "Deeds"). The Trust was set up by John Laing Limited. The Trust was later combined with the Laing Benevolent Fund which had been set up in 1932 by Sir John Laing in order to provide for hardship to staff who had done valuable work for the Company and served considerable time.

The Company originally covenanted to make payments to the Trust of £10,000 per year for a period of seven years.

The Trust Deed empowers the Trustees to appoint investment advisers who have discretion to invest the funds of the Trust within guidelines established by the Trustees. The income received by the Trust from these investments is utilised to fund the Trust's welfare payments and its charitable work as a grant-making charity.

For the year ended 31 December 2022

Governance

The Board formed an Investment and Finance Committee and Resource Committee in 2019; these committees are now well established. The Board delegated responsibilities to these committees to undertake activity within its terms of reference and to make necessary recommendations to the Board. Following a governance review in 2022, a Nominations and Governance Committee (NGC) was established. Responsibilities delegated to the NGC include reviewing the composition and membership of the Board and Board Committees; as well as advising on Board succession, recruitment and training and development needs.

Appointment of Trustees

The power to appoint new Trustees was initially fully vested in the Company, which was instrumental in setting up the Trust. The Company gave up this entitlement in December 2015, only retaining their right to appoint two ("Company Trustees") of the maximum eight Trustees with the remaining six ("non–Company Trustees") to be appointed by the Trustees. Trustees are recruited for their experience, empathy and knowledge of the Trust and its values and to balance the skills and composition of the trustee body.

Trustee induction and training

On their appointment, new Trustees are given an induction by the Trust Director which includes a welcome pack containing the history of the Trust, a copy of the Trust Deed as well as minutes of the previous year's Trustees meetings and the latest published accounts and budget for the current year. If required Trustees can attend courses to familiarise themselves with the Charity Commission's Essential Trustee guidance.

Related parties and relationships with other organisations

The Trustees are responsible for the general control and governance of the Trust. The Trustees give their time freely and receive no remuneration or other financial benefits. Details of the Trustee expenses and related party transactions are disclosed in note 7 to the accounts. Trustees are required to disclose all relevant interests and register them with the Board of Trustees and in accordance with the Trust's policy do not participate in decisions where a conflict of interest arises.

Day-to-day operation of the Trust

The Trustees delegate the day-to-day management and operation of the Trust to the Trust Director. The Trust Director, together with the Office Manager, Publishing and Communications Manager Grants Manager (a new role appointed during the year) and 8 members of the Welfare Team are directly employed by the Trust.

The Resources Committee reviews the pay of staff is annually in December each year. The review takes into account the rate of inflation. Decisions arising from the review are agreed by the Resources

For the year ended 31 December 2022

Committee and conveyed to staff in writing

Learning and Development

The Trust aims to develop its people through provision of learning activities so that they are equipped to pursue the Trust's purpose and to help inform Trustees in their decisions making. During the year:

- Team meetings took place virtually on a monthly basis, allowing staff to support each other, share experiences and best practice as well as inform Trustees about emerging needs from pensioners on the Trust's visiting and welfare payment schemes.
- The Trust Director attended a number of webinars organised by charity partners and other organisations.

Strategic Priorities for grant-making

During the year, Trustees reviewed the Strategic Priorities for grant-making; these will inform major grant making moving forward: -

Home	elessne	ss –
Safe	homes	for all



To help end the cycle of homelessness by supporting holistic services for people who are homeless or at risk of homelessness, including long-term accommodation models.

Young People – Building futures



To empower young people facing disadvantage, and support pathways to education, training, employment and skills for life towards independence

Skills & Education – Inspiring learning



To improve access to education and employability skills for people facing greater barriers, particularly in areas of high deprivation.

Community – Supporting people in need



To support people facing financial hardship, isolation, and marginalisation by strengthening community-based services

For the year ended 31 December 2022

Public Benefit

The Trustees have referred to the guidance contained in the Charity Commission's general guidance on public benefit when reviewing the charity's aims and objectives and in planning its future activities. In particular, the Trustees consider how planned activities will contribute to the aims and objectives that have been set.

Achievements and performance

The Trust's main activities and beneficiaries are described below. All its charitable activities are undertaken to further John Laing Charitable Trust's charitable purposes for the public benefit and to achieve the Trust's strategic objectives.

Welfare: The following were achieved in the year

i. Visits: The Welfare Team aims to carry out planned visits. Due to restrictions caused by the coronavirus pandemic, home visits were replaced by telephone visits. During the year, they carried out a total of 2,926 visits (2021 – 3,699), comprising of 454 home visits (2021 – 0) and 2007 telephone visits (2021 – 3,699. A further 465 (2021 – 214) contacts were made with former employees by correspondence and other means. The contacting of pensioners living in remote places or follow-on from home visits are ordinarily carried out by telephone.

The Trust also supports a network of eight John Laing Retirement Clubs across the country with funding. These Clubs are independent from the Trust and managed by volunteer members of each Club. These thriving clubs organise various social events and outings where former colleagues and friends can get together. These services are valued by pensioners, club members and their families. They provide assistance in tackling the effects of isolation and loneliness. During the year one of these Clubs closed due to reducing membership and some members being less able to attend Club events; some members continue to meet informally, with continued support from the Trust and some have joined another John Laing Retirement Club.

ii. Payments: The Trustees make available funds to pensioners who qualify for financial help. Welfare visits and contacts allow the Trustees to make informed decisions on how best to give financial support and assistance to those most in need. Where appropriate, Welfare Officers will put forward a recommendation for financial assistance on behalf of pensioners. In 2022, total payments made in relation to Welfare activities amounted to a total of £476,000 (2021 – £474,000) to 176145 (2021 – 176) beneficiaries, most of whom received more than one payment during the year. Financial assistance comes in the form of gratuity payments or funding towards the purchase of goods or services designed to make a difference in the day to day lives and independence of our ageing beneficiaries. During 2022, in the context of the Cost of Living Crisis, additional energy payments were made to 120 pensioner beneficiaries, totalling £89,100.

For the year ended 31 December 2022

Charitable Giving: Trustees aim to make grants which respond directly to the priorities identified by our charity partners which are aligned to the strategic priorities of the Trust. They consider the appropriateness of each application and award grants based on their merits. During the year, the Trustees awarded major grants in support of work streams which will help achieve their strategic aims:-

i. COMMUNITY - Supporting people in need: Grants totaling £221,000 were awarded in the year:-

> Supporting people facing financial hardship, isolation and marginalisation by strengthening community-based services

Independent Age £50,000 Reconnections project pilots
Turn2Us £35,000 Greater access to financial help

Downs Syndrome Association £20,000 WorkFit London

Cruz Roja Colombiana Seccional Santander £16,000 Social Support Programme FareShare £100,000 Develop new regional centre

Sussex Community Foundation £38,889 Cost of Living Fund Cumbria Community Foundation £25,000 Winter Warmth Fund

Community Foundation for Lancashire

And Merseyside £22,400 Lancashire Women's Fund

ii. YOUNG PEOPLE - BUILDING FUTURES: Grants totaling £26,000 were awarded in the year:-

empowering young people facing disadvantage, and support pathways to education, training, employment and skills for life towards independence

Andrew Simpson Sailing Foundation £10,000 Aim High programme

Alder Hey Children's Charity £16,000 Youth Voice

iii. SKILLS & EDUCATION - INSPIRING LEARNING: Grants totaling £185,710.69 were awarded in the year:-

> To improve access to education and employability skills for people facing greater barriers, particularly in areas of high deprivation.

Envision £30,000 Community Apprentice

Teach First £25,000 Leading together

Right to Succeed £25,000 Closing the literacy gap for 11–14

year olds in Blackpool

Place2Be £25,000 A Place for Parents in Lancashire

For the year ended 31 December 2022

Clontarf Foundation	£24,738.44 Engaging male Aboriginal and Torres
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Strait Islander male students in education and

employment in Australia

Stars Foundation £22,472.25 Holistic mentoring support to Aboriginal

and Torres Strait Islander girls and young women

Elevate Orlando £33,500 Teacher-mentor programme

iv. HOMELESSNESS - Grants totalling £302,500 were awarded in the year:-

> To help end the cycle of homelessness by supporting holistic services for people who are homeless or at risk of homelessness, including long-term accommodation models.

Winner, Preston Road Women's Centre £140,000 Women in Safe Homes (WISH)

Catalytic Grant Fund

Coram Voice £55,000 Outreach service which helps

young people aged 25 or under who are in or on the edge of care and at risk

of homelessness

St Francis House £33,500 Refuge Services

Habitat 4 Humanity £50,000 Empty Spaces for Homes

The Crew £24,000 Community support

Financial review

The Trustees aim to finance grant and operational needs out of investment income. Funding targets are set based on the anticipated income from the investment portfolio and may be adjusted to take into account circumstances surrounding the changing needs of our beneficiaries and the sector. The Trustees continue to achieve the objectives of the Trust by careful management of the endowment in prevailing markets in order to preserve the long-term value of the investments in real terms as well as maximising the income the portfolio can generate for disbursement.

£'000	31 December 2022	31 December 2021
Income from:		
Investments	2,277	2,295
Other	29	6
Total income	2,301	1,869

Income was generated from interest and dividends received from the portfolio of investments.

Funds decreased in the year from £72.5m to £66.8m (2021: funds increased from £64.4m to

For the year ended 31 December 2022

£72.5m) because of a £5.7m net movement (2021: -£8.1m) which includes a £5.7m net gain on

investments (2021: £7.9m gain on investments). In 2022, the Trustees decided to designate some funds towards a staff hardship fund, at the end of 2022, the balance of this fund was £14k.

The Trustees seek to optimise performance through a diversified asset portfolio applying a medium high-risk strategy. Out of £64.5 million of assets, £58.4 million of the Trust's portfolio is managed by Charles Stanley & Co Limited ("Charles Stanley") against a range of indicators and benchmarks deemed satisfactory by the Trustees. Investments are made under the constraints placed by the Trustees as described in the Investment Policy.

The investment portfolio decreased in value following the market reaction to the Ukranian war in 2022 and the cost of living crisis. The portfolio managed by Charles Stanley ended the year with a decrease in value of £5,607,000.

The rest of the assets are monitored directly by the Trustees and relate to investments in Diversified Property Fund for Charities ("DPFC") which had proven reduced resiliency in the year, with its value closing at £6.1 million, reporting a £530,000 loss in the period. Income of £390,000 for theyear is attributable to investments in DPFC.

Investment Policy

The Trust retains the services of Charles Stanley who operate within the agreed discretionary investment mandate established and reviewed by the Investment and Finance Committee. Investment in DPFC is made through the trustees' powers contained in the Deeds, to invest as if they were the beneficial owners of the Trust property.

During 2022 the Trust's Investment Policy Statement was reviewed by trustees and no changes were made. The strategy indicates a medium to high level of risk and the following ethical parameters. Any investments made on behalf of the Charity must comply with the following restrictions:

- Overseas investments must not contain investments in Japan, Russia, Syria or countries with embargo.
- Overseas investments must not be more than 40% of the portfolio. There should be no direct investments in companies predominantly involved in the production of alcohol, armaments, gambling or tobacco.
- The trustees require that Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) factors are taken into account in the choice of investments. The Investment Manager should endeavour to maintain a portfolio ESG score, as defined by MSCI ESG Manager, of at least AA.

The investment policy of the Trustees is to produce the best financial return with an acceptable level of risk, in responsible companies. The portfolio is to be managed and reported on a total

For the year ended 31 December 2022

return basis. The investment policy of the Trustees is to achieve medium-term growth of capital, from the portfolio. The assets should be managed to at least maintain the real capital value of the

portfolio, whilst generating a sustainable level of income to support the various charitable activities.

Principal risks and uncertainties

Trustees are responsible for monitoring the risks facing the Trust and ensuring arrangements to manage these risks are reviewed regularly. The risk management process involves identifying potential risks, the likelihood of these risks arising and severity of their impact, as well as reviewing the measures taken to mitigate against them.

The principal risks facing the Trust are:-

- 1. Stock market volatility leading to a reduction in the funds available for grants due to a decline in the value of the investment portfolio and reduction in income. This is mitigated by an investment policy indicating a diverse portfolio of investments, managed by a monitored investment manager on a discretionary basis. Performance of investments is reviewed by the Trustees, at least twice a year.
- 2. Inadequate knowledge and expertise of programme areas leading to Trust programmes not effectively achieving their objectives. This risk is mitigated by Trust team attending briefings. The duties of the Nominations and Governance Committee, formed during the year include an annual review of board composition including skills, knowledge and experience. This will inform the process of filling any Board vacancies.
- 3. Cost of living crisis impact on individual beneficiaries and grantees. The Trust has addressed this risk by taking into account inflation impacts when grant making and by additional funding for individual beneficiaries to assist with increasing energy costs. The Trust also monitors its own costs through regular management account reviews.

Reserves policy and going concern

The Trust does not run a specific Reserves Policy. The Trustees manage the assets of the Trust as "expendable endowment" to provide income from which to make grants. The whole endowment therefore is available to act as reserves.

The Trustees consider that there are no material uncertainties about the Trust's ability to continue as a going concern.

Fundraising

The Trust does not engage in public fundraising and does not use professional fundraisers or commercial participators. The Trust nevertheless observes and complies with the relevant

For the year ended 31 December 2022

fundraising regulations and codes. During the year there was no non-compliance of these regulations and codes and the Trust received no complaints relating to its fundraising practice.

Plans for the future

The Trustees have no immediate plans to change the activities of the Trust. The provision of welfare service adapts to the changing needs of the ageing population of pensioners in need of assistance. Over time, their number is expected to decline and as they do so, the balance of charitable donations will increase compared to the expenditure on welfare services. The impact of this change on resources will be reviewed regularly. There will be continued review of grant making policy as well as impact measurement and reporting to ensure grants are making a real difference. Trustees will seek opportunities to achieve a multiplier effect to the grants they award whether as a leverage to attract other funders or to form partnerships with them.

During the year, the Trustees have continued to consider the impact COVID-19 related factors on the Trust:-

- ➤ Welfare and Operations: During 2022 and to date, welfare visits are being conducted through a mix of telephone and in person visits. Home visits now take place—under a Risk Assessment which requires COVID-19 testing by Trust staff ahead of home visits and in line with pensioner and Trust team personal circumstances and health considerations. Pensioners can opt for an in person visit, or a telephone visit to meet their own personal circumstances.
- > Grants: The Trustees recognise the ongoing challenges faced, especially by small charities, in the aftermath of the COVID-19 pandemic, now being exascerbated by the Cost of Living crisis. A flexible and supportive approach will be taken with grantees who may need to adapt their delivery model or timelines due to these factors.
- Future plans: A grants strategy review has been completed, led by the Trust Director. This will influence the future Major Grants policy and approach of the Trust. During 2022the Trust recruited for an additional Grants Manager role to assist in delivery of grant-making.
- Investment valuation: The Trust has seen a 8.2% decrease in the value of its investments from £70.2 million to £64.5 million, adjusted for repatriated cash and investment management fees. Trustees reviewed the investment policy during the year as noted in the Investment Policy update. The Trustees will continue to monitor the investments performance on a quarterly basis.
- Going concern: The Trust have sufficient unrestricted funds to remain operational on a going concern basis with investments valued at £64.5 million at the end of 2022. As at the end of the year, the cash balance stands at £2.2 million.

For the year ended 31 December 2022

Statement of responsibilities of the Trustees

Law applicable to charities in England and Wales requires the Trustees to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the charity's financial activities during the period and of its financial position at the end of the period. In preparing financial

statements giving a true and fair view, the Trustees should follow best practice and:

- Select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently
- Observe the methods and principles in the Charities SORP
- Make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent
- State whether applicable UK Accounting Standards and statements of recommended practice
 have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial
 statements
- Prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the charity will continue in operation

The Trustees are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the charity and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Charities Act 2011. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charity and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The Trustees are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the charity's website. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

Auditor

Sayer Vincent LLP were re-appointed as the auditor during the year.

The Trustees' annual report has been approved by the Trustees on 9 May 2023 and signed on their behalf by

Christopher B Waples Trustee To the member of

John Laing Charitable Trust

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of John Laing Charitable Trust (the 'charity') for the year ended 31 December 2022 which comprise the statement of financial activities, balance sheet, statement of cash flows and notes to the financial statements, including significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- Give a true and fair view of the state of the charity's affairs as at 31 December 2022 and of its incoming resources and application of resources, for the year then ended
- Have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice
- Have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Charities Act 2011

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the charity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the trustees' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on John Laing Charitable Trust's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the trustees with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other Information

The other information comprises the information included in the trustees' annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The trustees are responsible for the other information contained within the annual report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not

To the members of

John Laing Charitable Trust

express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Charities (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- The information given in the trustees' annual report is inconsistent in any material respect with the financial statements;
- Sufficient accounting records have not been kept; or
- The financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- We have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

Responsibilities of trustees

As explained more fully in the statement of trustees' responsibilities set out in the trustees' annual report, the trustees are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the trustees are responsible for assessing the charity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the trustees either intend to liquidate the charity or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

We have been appointed as auditor under section 144 of the Charities Act 2011 and report in accordance with regulations made under section 154 of that Act.

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

To the member of

John Laing Charitable Trust

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud are set out below.

Capability of the audit in detecting irregularities

In identifying and assessing risks of material misstatement in respect of irregularities, including fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations, our procedures included the following:

- We enquired of management which included obtaining and reviewing supporting documentation, concerning the charity's policies and procedures relating to:
 - Identifying, evaluating, and complying with laws and regulations and whether they were aware of any instances of non-compliance;
 - Detecting and responding to the risks of fraud and whether they have knowledge of any actual, suspected, or alleged fraud;
 - The internal controls established to mitigate risks related to fraud or non-compliance with laws and regulations.
- We inspected the minutes of meetings of those charged with governance.
- We communicated applicable laws and regulations throughout the audit team and remained alert to any indications of non-compliance throughout the audit.
- We reviewed the financial statement disclosures and tested these to supporting documentation to assess compliance with applicable laws and regulations.
- We performed analytical procedures to identify any unusual or unexpected relationships that may indicate risks of material misstatement due to fraud.
- In addressing the risk of fraud through management override of controls, we tested the appropriateness of journal entries and other adjustments, assessed whether the judgements made in making accounting estimates are indicative of a potential bias and tested significant transactions that are unusual or those outside the normal course of business.

Because of the inherent limitations of an audit, there is a risk that we will not detect all irregularities, including those leading to a material misstatement in the financial statements or non-compliance with regulation. This risk increases the more that compliance with a law or regulation is removed from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, as we will be less likely to become aware of instances of non-compliance. The risk is also greater regarding irregularities occurring due to fraud rather than error, as fraud involves intentional concealment, forgery, collusion, omission or misrepresentation.

A further description of our responsibilities is available on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Independent auditor's report

To the members of

John Laing Charitable Trust

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the charity's trustees as a body, in accordance with section 144 of the Charities Act 2011 and regulations made under section 154 of that Act. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the charity's trustees those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charity and the charity's trustees as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

11 May 2023
Sayer Vincent LLP, Statutory Auditor
Invicta House, 108-114 Golden Lane, LONDON, EC1Y 0TL

Sayer Vincent LLP is eligible to act as auditor in terms of section 1212 of the Companies Act 2006

Statement of financial activities

For the year ended 31 December 2022

Income from:	Note	2022 Total £'000	2021 Total £'000
Investments Other	2	2,277 29	2,295 6
Total income	_	2,306	2,301
Expenditure on: Raising funds	3a	(187)	(147)
Charitable activities Grants Welfare and related costs	3b 3b	(1,251) (906)	(1,164) (875)
Total expenditure	_	(2,344)	(2,186)
Net (expenditure) / income before net gains / (losses) on investments	4	(38)	115
Net (losses) / gains on investments		(5,607)	7,977
Net movement in funds		(5,645)	8,092
Reconciliation of funds: Total funds brought forward		72,483	64,391
Total funds carried forward	_	66,838	72,483

All of the above results are derived from continuing activities. There were no other recognised gains or losses other than those stated above. Movements in funds are disclosed in Note 14a to the financial statements.

All funds are unrestricted.

Balance sheet

As at 31 December 2022

Note	f'000	2022 f'000	f'000	2021 £'000
Note	2 000	2 000	2 000	2 000
9		24		24
10	-		-	70,225
		64,519		70,249
11	264		245	
	<i>7</i> 53 1,51 <i>7</i>		- 2,671	
	2,534	•	2,916	
12	(215)		(666)	
	<u>-</u>	2,319		2,250
		66,838		72,499
		-		(16)
	- -	66,838	•	72,483
14				
	14 66,824		- 72,483	
		66,838		72,483
	-	66,838		72,483
	10	9 10 11	Note £'000 £'000 9	Note f'000 f'000 f'000 9 10 24 64,495 64,519 11 264 753 1,517 2,671 2,534 2,916 12 (215) (666) 2,319 66,838 66,838 14 14 66,824 72,483

Approved by the trustees on 9 May 2023 and signed on their behalf by

Christopher B Waples Trustee

Statement of cash flows

For the year ended 31 December 2022

Cash flows from operating activities	2022 £'000	£'000	2021 £'000	£'000
Net (expenditure) / income for the reporting period (as per the statement of financial activities)	(5,645)		8,092	
Losses / (Gains) on investments	5,607		(7,977)	
Dividends and interest from investments	(2,277)		(2,295)	
(Increase) in debtors	(19)		(75)	
(Decrease) in creditors	(467)		(214)	
_		(2,801)		(2,469)
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Dividends, interest and rents from investments	2,277		2,295	
Proceeds from sale of investments	4,290		3,436	
Decrease / (Increase) in cash held with investment manager	355		(2,779)	
Transfer of cash into short term deposit Purchase of investments	(753) (4,522)		1,196 (565)	
Net cash provided by investing activities		1,647		3,583
Change in cash and cash equivalents in the year		(1,154)		1,114
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		2,671		1,557
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	<u> </u>	1,517		2,671

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2022

1 Accounting policies

a) Statutory information

John Laing Charitable Trust is an unincorporated charity registered with the Charity Commission for England and Wales.

The registered office address is 33 Bunns Lane, London, NW7 2DX.

b) Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) – (Charities SORP FRS 102), The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) and the Charities Act 2011.

The financial statements have been prepared to give a 'true and fair' view and have departed from the Charities (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 only to the extent required to provide a 'true and fair view'. This departure has involved following Accounting and Reporting by Charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) rather than the Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice effective from 1 April 2005 which has since been withdrawn.

Assets and liabilities are initially recognised at historical cost or transaction value unless otherwise stated in the relevant accounting policy or note.

In applying the financial reporting framework, the trustees have made a number of subjective judgements, for example in respect of significant accounting estimates. Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. The nature of the estimation means the actual outcomes could differ from those estimates. Any significant estimates and judgements affecting these financial statements are detailed within the relevant accounting policy below.

c) Public benefit entity

The charity meets the definition of a public benefit entity under FRS 102.

d) Going concern

The trustees consider that there are no material uncertainties about the charity's ability to continue as a going concern.

The Trustees do not consider that there are any sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next reporting period.

The Trustees are satisfied that the Trust has sufficient unrestricted funds to continue as a going concern for the foreseeable future. Cashflow forecast are regularly prepared and in addition to cash, liquidity within investments portfolio means assets can be readily realised to meet any short term requirements. The pandemic has tested the investments portfolio and had proven resilient. The Trustees acknowledge that the full impact of the pandemic is still to be seen and the emerging risks are being monitored but Trustees are satisfied that Trust's capability to continue as a going concern will not be affected.

e) Income

Income on deposits has been accounted for on an accruals basis. All other investment income has been taken into account on the basis of due date for payment. Foreign income is translated into sterling at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction.

f) Interest receivable

Interest on funds held on deposit is included when receivable and the amount can be measured reliably by the charity; this is normally upon notification of the interest paid or payable by the bank.

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2022

1 Accounting policies (continued)

g) Fund accounting

Restricted funds are to be used for specific purposes as laid down by the donor. Expenditure which meets these criteria is charged to the fund.

Unrestricted funds are donations and other incoming resources received or generated for the charitable purposes.

Designated funds are unrestricted funds earmarked by the trustees for particular purposes.

h) Expenditure and irrecoverable VAT

Expenditure is recognised once there is a legal or constructive obligation (where a commitment has been communicated to the recipient) to make a payment to a third party, it is probable that settlement will be required and the amount of the obligation can be measured reliably. Expenditure is classified under the following activity headings:

- Costs of raising funds relate to the to fees paid to investment manager in connection with the management of Trust's investments
- Expenditure on charitable activities includes the costs of paying grants and welfare payments undertaken to further the purposes of the charity and their associated support costs
- Other expenditure represents those items not falling into any other heading

Irrecoverable VAT is charged as a cost against the activity for which the expenditure was incurred.

i) Grants payable

Grants payable are payments made to third parties in furtherance of the charitable objectives of the charity. Single or multi-year grants are recognised when, following Board approval, the recipient receives the conditional offer of the grant. This is the case unless it cannot be determined with certainty that the recipient will meet these conditions. If at the balance sheet date it is known that any grant liability will not be fully claimed, the liability is corrected to reflect the true extent of the likely claim.

i) Allocation of support costs

Resources expended are allocated to the particular activity where the cost relates directly to that activity. However, the cost of overall direction and administration of each activity, comprising the salary and overhead costs of the central function, is apportioned on the following basis which are an estimate, salaries are based on staff time and overheads are based on the split of non support expenditure, of the amount attributable to each activity.

Where information about the aims, objectives and projects of the charity is provided to potential beneficiaries, the costs associated with this publicity are allocated to charitable expenditure.

Governance costs are the costs associated with the governance arrangements of the charity. These costs are associated with constitutional and statutory requirements and include any costs associated with the strategic management of the charity's activities.

k) Fixed assets

Items of equipment are capitalised where the purchase price exceeds £3,000. Depreciation costs are allocated to activities on the basis of the use of the related assets in those activities. Assets are reviewed for impairment if circumstances indicate their carrying value may exceed their net realisable value and value in use.

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2022

1 Accounting policies (continued)

I) Freehold property

Freehold property is included in the balance sheet at historic cost. The property is not depreciated as the carrying value is less than recoverable amount. Impairment reviews will be conducted on an annual basis by the Trust to ensure the cost recognised on the balance sheet remains appropriate.

m) Listed investments

Investments are a form of basic financial instrument and are initially recognised at their transaction value and subsequently measured at their fair value as at the balance sheet date using the closing quoted market price. Any change in fair value will be recognised in the statement of financial activities. Investment gains and losses, whether realised or unrealised, are combined and shown in the heading "Net gains/(losses) on investments" in the statement of financial activities. The charity does not acquire put options, derivatives or other complex financial instruments.

n) Debtors

Trade and other debtors are recognised at the settlement amount due after any trade discount offered. Prepayments are valued at the amount prepaid net of any trade discounts due.

o) Short term deposits

Short term deposits includes cash balances that are invested in accounts with a maturity date of between 3 and 12 months.

p) Cash at bank and in hand

Cash at bank and cash in hand includes cash and short term highly liquid investments with a short maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition or opening of the deposit or similar account.

q) Creditors and provisions

Creditors and provisions are recognised where the charity has a present obligation resulting from a past event that will probably result in the transfer of funds to a third party and the amount due to settle the obligation can be measured or estimated reliably. Creditors and provisions are normally recognised at their settlement amount after allowing for any trade discounts due.

r) Pensions

The Trust operates a defined contribution pension scheme with Legal and General. The pension cost charge represents contributions payable under the scheme by the Trust to the fund. The Trust has no liability under the scheme other than for the payment of those contributions.

For the year ended 31 December 2022

2	Income from investments		
		2022	2021
		Total	Total
		£'000	£'000
	Listed Investments, including unit trusts		
	UK	1,751	1,760
	Overseas	136	118
	Unlisted		
	UK	390	417
		2,277	2,295

3a Raising Funds

Raising funds consists of investment managers fees from Charles Stanley and the DFPC. In prior years, the DPFC management fees have been netted off against income, the decision was taken to show these separately in 2022. The fees specifically for DPFC were 2022 £45,237 (2021 £38,798).

3b Charitable activities - Grant making (current year)

	Grants to institutions £'000	Grants to individuals £'000	Support costs £'000	2022 £'000
Grants Welfare payments to individuals Retirement Clubs	975 - -	- 478 56	276 296 76	1,251 774 132
At the end of the year	975	534	648	2,157

The total grants paid and accrued to institutions and individuals for the year were 1,555,570 (2021: £1,147,308).

3c Charitable activities-Grant making (prior year)

	Grants to institutions £'000	Grants to individuals £'000	Support costs £'000	2021 £'000
Grants Welfare payments to individuals Retirement Clubs	948 - -	- 474 51	216 278 72	1,164 752 123
At the end of the year	948	525	566	2,039

The Trust supports causes concerning the needs under their four key priority areas of Community, Disadvantaged Youth, Education and Homelessness. Further information on grants awarded by size can be found by visiting the Trust's website: johnlaingcharitabletrust.com.

4 Net expenditure before net (losses) / gains on investments

This is stated after charging:

	2022 £'000	2021 £'000
Trustee professional indemnity insurance Trustees' expenses Auditor's remuneration (excluding VAT):	1 6	1
Audit Risk management workshop	9 2	8 –

For the year ended 31 December 2022

5 Analysis of staff costs and the cost of key management personnel

Staff costs were as follows:

Stail Costs were as follows.	2022 £'000	2021 £'000
Salaries and wages Social security costs Employer's contribution to defined contribution pension schemes	348 35 64	328 31 64
	447	423

The following number of employees received employee emoluments (excluding employer pension costs and employer's national insurance) during the year between:

	2022 No.	2021 No.
£60,000 - £69,999 £90,000 - £99,999	1	1 -

The total employee emoluments (including pension contributions and employer's national insurance) of the key management personnel were £119,213 (2021: £142,619).

6 Staff numbers

The average number of employees (head count based on number of staff employed) during the year was 12.33 (2021: 12.25).

7 Related party transactions

Christopher Laing is the Chairman of Eskmuir Properties Limited (EPL) and Sir Martin Laing stepped down as a Director of EPL on 18 January 2022. EPL is the parent company of Eskmuir Fund Management Limited and Eskmuir Asset Management Limited who are respectively, the Fund Manager and Asset Manager of the Diversified Property Fund for Charities (DPFC). Christopher Laing is excluded from all discussions relating to investments in DPFC units. There were no DPFC transactions during the year (2021: nil).

The charity Trustees were neither paid nor received any other benefits from employment with the charity in the year (2021: £nil). No charity Trustee received payment for professional or other services supplied to the charity (2021: £nil).

Trustees' expenses represent the payment or reimbursement of travel and subsistence costs totalling £864 (2021: £664) incurred by two (2021: two) members relating to attendance at meetings of the Trustees.

The annual summer luncheon for all nine Retirement Clubs formed for retired John Laing employees are supported by the Trustees. Due to the coronavirus pandemic, the event did not take place in 2020 and 2021. The costs associated to Trustees' attendance at these events amounted to £5,544 (2021: £nil). Deposits made to secure the venue costing £nil (2021: £1,850) had been recorded in the accounts under Other Debtors.

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2022

7 Related party transactions (continued)

The annual Laing Retirement Clubs Summer Luncheon is supported by members of the Laing family and the Laing Family Trusts. In 2022, there were £20,000 contributions received during the year (2021: £nil).

There were no related party transactions other than those listed above.

8 Taxation

The charity is exempt from corporation tax as all its income is charitable and is applied for charitable purposes.

9 Fixed assets

The freehold property of held on the balance sheet consists of a Caldew House – a property that is leased to Gateshead Carers who use it as a holiday home for carers and cared for people. The custodianship was transferred to the Charity Commission in March 2004. This is held at cost in the accounts.

10 Listed investments

Listed investments	2022 £'000	2021 £'000
Fair value at the start of the year Additions at cost Disposal proceeds Net (loss) / gain on change in fair value Cash movement in the year	70,225 4,522 (4,290) (5,607) (355)	62,340 565 (3,436) 7,977 2,779
	64,495	70,225
Investments comprise:	2022 £'000	2021 £'000
Global Fixed interest UK equities Overseas and other Equities Property Unlisted Cash	4,569 32,843 17,632 501 6,125 2,825	6,248 34,426 19,716 - 6,655 3,180
	64,495	70,225

Material Investments

At the end of the year, the Trust's investment in Diversified Portfolio for Charities ("DPFC") was valued at £6.1 million representing 9.5% of the total assets. (2021: £6.7 million representing 9.5%). The total value of all investments had increased to £66m as at 31/03/23 partly as a result of the market rebounding from the outbreak of the conflict in Ukraine.

11 Debtors

	2022 £'000	2021 £'000
Investment debtors Other debtors Prepayments	258 - 6	243 2 -
	264	245

For the year ended 31 December 2022

12	Creditors: amounts falling due within	one year			2022	2021
					£'000	£'000
	Grants payable (note 13) Other creditors				129 86	598 68
				_	215	666
	Creditors: amounts falling due after o	ne vear		=		
	creators, amounts raining due after e	ine yeur			2022 £'000	2021 £'000
	Grants payable (note 13)				_	16
				_	_	16
				_		
13	Grants Payable				2022 £'000	2021 £'000
	Balance at the beginning of the year Grants awarded in the year Grants paid during the year Grants cancelled during the year				614 975 (1,460)	779 948 (1,113)
	Balance at the end of the year			_	129	614
14a	Movements in funds (current year) Unrestricted funds:	At 1 January 2022 £'000	Income & gains £'000	Expenditure & losses £'000	Transfers £'000	At 31 December 2022 £'000
	Designated funds: Staff Hardship	-	13	(12)	13	14
	Total designated funds		13	(12)	13	14
	General funds	72,483	2,293	(7,939)	(13)	66,824
	Total unrestricted funds	72,483	2,306	(7,951)		66,838
	Designated fund – Trustees decided to	designate some	funds towards	a staff hardship	fund at the en	d of 2022.
14b	Movements in funds (prior year) Unrestricted funds:	At 31 December 2020 £'000	Income & gains £'000	Expenditure & losses £'000	Transfers £'000	At 31 December 2021 £'000
	General funds	64,391	10,279	(2,187)	_	72,483
		,				